

MAGNUM 257
OPERATING MANUAL

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INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your purchase of a MAGNUM 257 10 meter FM/AM/SSB transceiver. Your MAGNUM is designed to provide years of enjoyment and trouble-free service. There are many features and functions designed into this transceiver. To ensure that your investment is enjoyed to its fullest extent please take a few moments and thoroughly read this manual.

Your MAGNUM 257 is a microprocessor controlled, user programmable radio, combining both high RF performance with a user-friendly environment. The MAGNUM 257 is a feature rich transceiver in a compact size chassis. As cabin space diminishes in modern vehicles, this compact size helps create a wider variety of installation options. Although engineered with mobile use in mind with the addition of a high quality regulated power supply, the 257 may be easily adapted to fixed station operation.

The 257 utilizes the latest in surface mount production techniques, this keeps the size to a minimum without sacrificing any of the advanced circuits required for today's high performance radios. The 257 uses a pair of 2SC1969 RF transistors. The devices are continuously biased class A/B using our exclusive fully regulated bias circuit. This means unsurpassed audio quality in SSB and AM modes.

Some of the features of the 257 are; an advanced design liquid crystal display that provides the operator with a full visual account of the transceivers operating status, automatic frequency scanning from either the front panel or microphone, memory storage of your favorite frequencies, programmable frequency resolution of either 1 kHz, 10 kHz or 100 kHz, and split frequency operation for repeater use. These are just a few of the features that make the 257 a pleasure to own and operate.

IMPORTANT: The MAGNUM 257 is designed for entry level use. If the transmitter is operated in the United States or within its territories a licensed amateur radio operator must be present at the station. The minimum license class to operate 10 meter phone is Novice/Technician. If you are studying for your license and want to familiarize yourself with the operation of the radio, the receiver may be operated with or without a licensed operator present. For more information regarding FCC licensing, contact your nearest amateur radio dealer, or for complete details contact the American Radio Relay League.

American Radio Relay League (ARRL)
225 Main Street
Newington, CT 06111

Telephone 860-594-0200
Facsimile 860-594-0259
<http://www.arrl.org>

LIMITED WARRANTY

Magnum International warrants this product to be free of defects for a period of one (1) year from the original date of purchase. This warranty is non-transferable. This limited warranty is subject to repair or replacement of defective components only. This warranty is void if the radio has been tampered with or misused.

IMPORTANT: RETAIN YOUR SALES RECEIPT

The enclosed warranty registration form must be filled out and mailed along with a photocopy of your sales receipt within 15 days from the purchase date. If the warranty registration form and copy of your sales receipt are not received the radio is not covered under warranty. Please fill out the enclosed warranty registration form and send it along with a copy of your sales receipt to:

Magnum International
PO Box 445
Issaquah, WA 98027

Registering your 257 with Magnum provides several benefits:

- 1) Validates your warranty
- 2) Entitles you to free updates and information regarding your radio and new accessories for your radio
- 3) Provides possible recovery of lost or stolen radios through our serial number tracking database
- 4) Receive your free Magnum logo baseball cap within 30 days after registering

INSTALLATION

1. Contents

Unpack and inspect your MAGNUM 257 for missing or damaged components. Your 257 includes the following items:

Quantity	Description
1	MAGNUM 257 Transceiver
1	Scanning Microphone
1	Mounting Bracket with Hardware Set
1	Microphone Hanger with Hardware Set
1	DC Power Cord
1	Operating Manual with Schematic

2. Microphone Hanger

The microphone hanger may be attached to either side of the transceiver, or any other convenient location. Use the provided screws to attach the microphone hanger either vertically or horizontally to the side of the transceiver.

3. Mounting Bracket

When attaching the mounting bracket to the vehicle, choose a location that will provide easy access to all front panel controls and air circulation to the rear panel. Do not install the 257 in any compartment that restricts airflow and do not install the 257 in a location that interferes with the safe operation of the vehicle.

Attach the mounting bracket to the vehicle first then mount the transceiver to the bracket. If the rear panel is not accessible you may want to attach the coaxial and power cables first.

4. Electrical Connections

The 257 is designed to work on any 13.8 volt DC, negative ground, source. The condition of a vehicle's electrical system can affect operation. A low battery, worn generator/alternator, or poor voltage regulator will seriously impair the performance of the transceiver. Any of the above conditions could result in a high level of receiver noise generation or a substantial loss of the transmitter's RF output. Make sure that all of these components of your vehicle's electrical system are in good condition prior to installing the transceiver.

CAUTION!

VOLTAGE EXCEEDING 15 VDC WILL DAMAGE THE RADIO. MEASURE VOLTAGE AT BATTERY TERMINALS, WITH VEHICLE RUNNING, PRIOR TO INSTALLATION!

Before making any electrical connections make sure the AF gain (volume) control on the control deck is in the "OFF" position. Connect the positive (+) red wire of the DC power cord to a positive 13.8 volt source at the vehicle fuse block. If connecting to the fuse block, it is recommended that a switched power source is used so that the power to the transceiver is disconnected

when the vehicle is off. This will eliminate the possibility of the transceiver draining the vehicle's battery.

Connect the negative (-) black wire to a metal part of the vehicle's frame, or chassis ground. Make sure that this is a good ground connection.

The 257 power cord may also be connected directly to the battery. Connecting directly to the battery has several benefits, the first of which is to maximize RF output. Secondly, the battery is a very large capacitor and will help eliminate certain types of ambient and vehicle noise. If connecting directly to the vehicle's battery, additional power cable may be required. On runs of 8 feet or less use 12-gauge stranded wire. Use 10-gauge wire on longer runs.

5. Antenna Connection

The transceiver will operate using any standard 50-ohm ground-plane, vertical, mobile whip, long wire or similar antenna. The antenna should be rated at 50 watts PEP minimum. A standard SO-239 type connector is provided on the rear panel of the 257. Connection is made using a PL-259 and high grade coaxial cable (RG213, RG58A/U or Mini RG-8 is recommended).

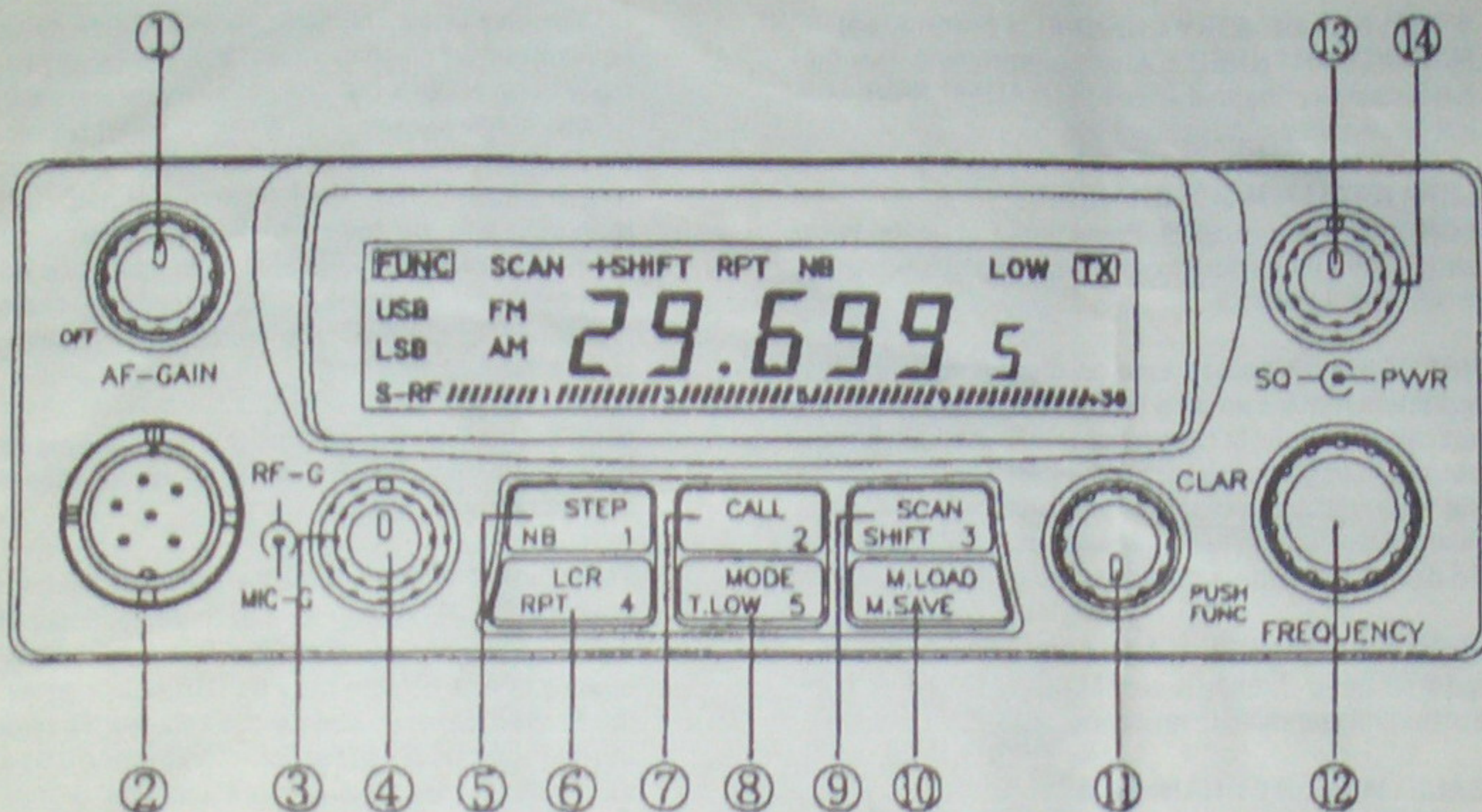
A ground-plane antenna provides greater coverage and is recommended for fixed station-to-mobile operation. For point-to-point fixed station operation, a directional beam antenna operates at greater distances even under adverse conditions. A non-directional antenna should be used in a mobile installation; a vertical whip is best suited for this purpose. The base loaded whip antenna normally provides effective communications. For greater range and more reliable operation, a full quarter wave whip may be used. Either of these antennas uses the metal vehicle body as a ground plane.

Once the antenna is mounted on the vehicle, route the coaxial cable so that it is not next to any power cables or vehicle cables. Connect the PL-259 to the antenna connector on the rear panel of the 257. Make sure that the coaxial cable does not interfere with the safe operation of the vehicle.

6. VSWR

After you have determined that the installation is correct and the radio is operational, it is important to determine the antenna system's VSWR (voltage standing wave ratio). Prior to taking any measurements make sure the SWR bridge (meter) is in good working order and is calibrated.

To ensure your radio is performing properly the VSWR should never exceed 1.5 to 1. Never transmit on any antenna system where the VSWR exceeds 1.8 to 1. This will stress the output stage and could destroy the RF transistors; this type of misuse and failure is not covered under warranty.



FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

1. POWER ON/OFF and AF GAIN CONTROL

Turns the radio on and off, and adjusts the AF (audio frequency) gain, or volume.

2. MICROPHONE INPUT

A 6-pin, lock ring type, microphone connector is used. Microphone wiring is as follows:

Pin 1 : Microphone Audio

Pin 2 : Receive

Pin 3 : Transmit

Pin 4 : Down (Up w/ 22K Ohm Resistor)

Pin 5 : Ground

Pin 6 : +13.8 VDC

3. RF GAIN CONTROL

Adjusts the receiver sensitivity to both signals and background noise. This affects the distance at which a signal can be detected. Turning the control counterclockwise reduces the receiver sensitivity. This is particularly useful in areas where large volumes of traffic (signals) are present. The S/Rf display indicates the received signal's strength. The S/Rf display is the bar graph located on the lower edge of the LCD screen.

4. MICROPHONE GAIN CONTROL

Increases or decreases the energy developed in the microphone amplifier circuit. The gain increases as the control is rotated clockwise. For optimum setting, press the push-to-talk (PTT) switch on the microphone, adjust the mic gain control until all segments of the S/Rf display are lit. Next, rotate the control counterclockwise until the last segment of the display starts to flicker. The S/Rf display is the bar graph located on the lower edge of the LCD screen.

IMPORTANT!

Operating some of the features in 5 through 10 require the use of the function control. To activate the function control, momentarily push the FUNC (11) button, the FUNC prompt will be displayed in upper left-hand corner of LCD. Push the control again to deactivate the function control.

5. STEP \ NB \ MEMORY CHANNEL 1

STEP: The STEP button selects frequency resolution in either 1 kHz, 10 kHz or 100 kHz steps. Press the STEP button, one of the digits will flash on and off. Press the STEP button again to change stepping resolution.

To tune frequencies in either 10 kHz or 100 kHz increments, press the STEP button until the desired digit is flashing. Rotate the FREQUENCY control in either direction. The entire frequency range of the Magnum 257 can be stepped through in 10 or 100 kHz increments.

To tune in 1 kHz increments, press the STEP button until the 1 kHz digit flashes on and off. Rotate the FREQUENCY control. NOTE: When stepping in 1 kHz increments, you are limited to tuning within a 10 kHz frequency range.

NB: Noise blanker on and off control. This circuit eliminates pulse type interference usually associated with automotive ignition systems. To activate the noise blanker, press the FUNC control and then press the NB button. NB will appear on the LCD indicating the noise blanker is turned on. To turn off the noise blanker, repeat the same process.

5. **STEP \ NB \ MEMORY CHANNEL 1 (continued)**
MEMORY CHANNEL 1: After programming, this button is memory channel 1. See M.LOAD \ M.SAVE control for programming instructions.

6. **LCR \ RPT \ MEMORY CHANNEL 4**
LCR: Last channel recall. Press the LCR button to return to the last frequency that was transmitted on for more than 3 seconds.

RPT: Repeater access tone on and off control. Most repeaters require an 88.5 Hz tone burst to access. To activate the 88.5 Hz tone burst, press the FUNC control and then press the RPT button. RPT will appear on the LCD indicating that the tone burst will now automatically be transmitted whenever the PTT is pressed. To deactivate, repeat the same process.

MEMORY CHANNEL 4: After programming, this button is memory channel 4. See M.LOAD \ M.SAVE control for programming instructions.

7. **CALL \ MEMORY CHANNEL 2**
CALL: The USA national call frequency for SSB is 28.400 MHz. The radio's operating frequency is automatically reset to this frequency when the CALL button is pressed.

MEMORY CHANNEL 2: After programming this button is memory channel 2. See M.LOAD \ M.SAVE control for programming instructions.

8. **MODE \ T. LOW \ MEMORY CHANNEL 5**
MODE: Each time the button is pressed the operating mode is changed. The operating mode is indicated on the liquid crystal display: AM, FM, USB, or LSB.

T. LOW: Tone Low. Press the FUNC button, and then press the T. Low button to turn on the receive audio tone control. LOW will appear on the LCD when the low tone is activated. This feature will roll-off high frequency noise (i.e. "white" noise). Under many operating conditions this will improve the clarity and understanding of received signals.

MEMORY CHANNEL 5: After programming this button is memory channel 5. See M.LOAD \ M.SAVE control for programming instructions.

9. **SCAN \ SHIFT \ MEMORY CHANNEL 3**
SCAN: Frequency Scan. Scans in increments of 10kHz. There are two ways to scan using front panel entry.

(1) Receive Audio On Scanning: Press the SCAN button. Scan rate is one step every 5 seconds. To stop scanning press the SCAN button again, or momentarily press the PTT button on the microphone (scanning will stop without transmitting).

(2) Receive Audio Mute Scanning: Carefully rotate squelch control a minimum excursion (refer to 14.) until the receive audio is off. The receiver scan rate will now be five steps per second. When a signal is detected the squelch is automatically disengaged and the scanning is paused. The squelch circuit will automatically reengage and the receiver will continue to scan the moment the received signal is no longer detected. To stop scanning, press the SCAN button, or momentarily press the PTT button on the microphone (scanning will stop without transmitting).

SHIFT: Used for programming offsets to operate repeater networks. The 257 can transmit and receive on different frequencies.

To program the offset, press the FUNC button and hold down the SHIFT button for 3 or more seconds. Three digits will appear on the LCD. This is the offset frequency in kHz. Rotate the FREQUENCY control until the desired offset frequency is displayed. To return to the main display press the FUNC button and hold down the SHIFT button for 3 or more seconds, or momentarily press the PTT button on the microphone (the transmitter will not be engaged).

To activate the programmed offset frequency, press the FUNC button, and then press the SHIFT button once. +SHIFT is displayed on the LCD. The 257 will now transmit on the frequency that is XXX kHz greater than the displayed, or receive, frequency (XXX represents the programmed offset frequency in kHz).

To transmit on the frequency that is XXX kHz lower than the displayed, or receive, frequency press FUNC, then the SHIFT button. Repeat this until -SHIFT is displayed on the LCD.

To disengage the programmed offset frequency, press the FUNC button and then press the SHIFT button. Repeat this until the SHIFT indicator is no longer displayed on the LCD.

MEMORY CHANNEL 3: After programming this button is memory channel 3. See M.LOAD \ M.SAVE control for programming instructions.

10. **M.SAVE \ M.LOAD**
M.SAVE: Memory Save. To save in memory a specific frequency and operating mode, select the desired mode and rotate the FREQUENCY control to the desired frequency. Press the FUNC button, and then press the M.SAVE button. S will appear on the LCD next to the frequency. While S is displayed, immediately press any of the memory channel buttons (1 - 5). The mode and frequency is now saved into memory. If the S indicator disappears before you press the memory channel button, the information will not be saved and the process must be repeated.

10. M.SAVE \ M.LOAD (continued)

M.LOAD: Memory Load (Recall). To load, or recall, any of the saved memory channels press the M.LOAD button. L will appear on the LCD for several seconds. While the letter is displayed press the desired memory channel button (1 - 5). The programmed mode and frequency will be displayed.

11. CLAR \ FUNC

CLAR: Clarifier. The clarifier shifts both the TX and RX frequency 1.5 kHz each side of the center frequency. This is necessary for tuning to an SSB signal.

FUNC: Function. This control is used to operate the six control buttons on the front panel that are printed in blue. Press slightly and release, FUNC will be displayed on the LCD indicating that the function command is activated. After you have pressed one of the buttons the FUNC will disappear from the screen.

12. **FREQUENCY:** Rotate clockwise or counterclockwise to select the desired frequency.

13. **PWR:** Variable RF Output Power. Rotate clockwise to increase RF output power. Rotate counterclockwise to decrease RF output power.

Variable RF output power allows low power transmitting for QRP operation in compliance with the FCC request for reduced signal strength during periods when propagation levels are high.

14. **SQ:** Squelch. Used to eliminate background or "white" noise when monitoring strong signals. Also used to activate SCAN feature (refer to 9.). To properly adjust squelch circuit, start rotating the control slowly clockwise until the received white noise just disappears.

OTHER FEATURES

1. PROGRAMMING TONE

This tone sounds each time the CPU is being programmed. It is helpful, in the beginning so you can be sure the command has been entered. You may eliminate the tone by simply pressing the PTT switch on the microphone and turning on the ON/OFF POWER switch at the same time.

2. Memory Back Up

The MAGNUM 257 features a super-capacitor back up for the 5 memory channels. The 257 can be disconnected from a power source for approximately 4 or 5 days before the memory is lost.

General Specifications

Frequency Coverage	: Transmit and Receive	28.000 to 29.699 MHz
Antenna Impedance	: 50 ohm, unbalanced	
Frequency Control	: Digital Phase-Lock Loop (PLL) Synthesizer	
Frequency Accuracy	: Better than +10 ppm from 0 - 40 °C after 15 min. warm up	
Power Requirement	: 12 - 13.8 V DC, negative ground	
Dimensions (W x H x D)	: 152 x 52 x 240 mm (6 x 2 x 9.5 in)	
Weight	: 1.3 kg (2.9 lbs)	

Transmitter Specifications

Power Output	: SSB / FM	30 Watts
	: AM	9 Watts Average / 30 Watts PEP
Tuning Steps	: 1 kHz / 10 kHz / 100 kHz	
Final Transistors	: 2SC1969 (x2)	
Spurious Emissions	: More than 50 dB below peak output power	
Carrier Suppression	: More than 40 dB below peak output power	
Unwanted Sideband	: More than 50 dB below peak output (1 kHz tone)	
FM Deviation	: +/- 2 kHz maximum	
Audio Response	: More than 30dB below peak output	
Frequency Response	: 400 to 2800 Hz	
Microphone Impedance	: ECM, 600 to 1K ohms	

Receiver Specifications

Circuit Type	: Dual-Conversion Superheterodyne	
Intermediate Frequencies	: 1st IF / SSB IF	10.695 MHz
	: 2nd IF	455 kHz
Sensitivity	: SSB	0.25 uV at 10 dB S + N/N
	: AM	1.0 uV at 10 dB S + N/N
	: FM	0.3uV at 12 dB SINAD
Selectivity	: SSB	4.2 kHz (-6 dB) / 8.5 kHz (-60 dB)
	: AM / FM	6.0 kHz (-6 dB) / 18 kHz (-60 dB)
Clarifier Range	: 1.5 kHz	
Adjacent Channel Rejection	: Better than 70 dB	
IF Rejection	: Better than 80 dB for all frequencies	
Frequency Response	: 250 to 3000 Hz	
Audio Output Power	: 2 watts minimum at 10% THD with an 8 ohm load	
Audio Output Impedance	: 8 ohms	

MAGNUM INTERNATIONAL

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